Your Community: Then and Now



Karen Lemmons, Library Media Specialist Howe Elementary School, Detroit Summer 2008

Overview			
This lesson plan shows how ed	ucators and/or library media specialist can use images		
<u> </u>	American Memory to discuss changes in a community.		
Objectives	Students will analyze historical and current city images.		
3	They will analyze these pictures according to a picture		
	analysis worksheet. Students will then orally present		
	their analysis according to an oral presentation rubric.		
	This lesson will focus on Detroit images.		
Recommended time frame	Four days, approximately 55 minutes per day		
Grade level	Grade 2		
Curriculum fit	Social Studies, English Language Arts, Technology		
Materials	Images will be collected from the Library of Congress		
	American Memory and Google website. Print resources		
	include Detroit Almanac, Detroit 1701-2001, Detroit,		
	Frontier Metropolis		
Michigan Grade Level C	ontent Expectations.		
Social Studies, K-8	oncent Emperousions,		
H2 Living and Working	2-H2.0.4 Describe changes in the local community over		
Together in Communities	time (e.g., types of businesses, architecture and		
1080001 111 001111111111111111	landscape, jobs, transportation, populations		
	2-H2.0.6 Construct a historical narrative about the		
	history of the local community from a variety of sources		
	(e.g., data gathered from local residents, artifacts,		
	photographs)		
Procedures			
	Day One: Introduce and/or review the word community		
	with the students. What does community mean? What		
	does a community look like? Do you live in a		
	community? What does your community look like?		
	Brainstorm with students for the answers.		
	After students have answered the questions, have them		
	talk about their community. What do you think your		
	community looked like in the past? Do you think your		
	neighborhood had more or fewer houses? Do you think		
	your neighborhood had some businesses? If so, which		
	ones? Discuss the past and current look of the		

communities.

Tell students they will look at some pictures of Detroit in the early times. They will analyze the pictures. paying close attention to the buildings, the people, and the background. They will also look at some pictures of Detroit in the current times. They will compare/contrast the two pictures to identify and analyze the changes. They will write about the changes identified in the photos on a sheet of paper. When they have finished analyzing their pictures, they will also show their pictures and read aloud their reports to the class. The students can work with a partner, with one person analyzing the "old" picture and the other person analyzing the "current" picture. Then the two people will work together to write the paper. Before students are given the pictures to analyze, the teacher will model a photo analysis with two pictures. The teacher and the class will analyze the historic Detroit picture, using the photo analysis worksheet. Then the class and the students will analyze the current Detroit picture. When the worksheet is completed, the students and teacher will write a narrative on the changes between the two pictures.

Day Two:

Review the last session lesson. What did we say the word community meant? According to the pictures, what did we see in the "old" Detroit picture that we do not see in the "current" Detroit picture? What did we say about those changes? What did we write about those changes?

Using the examples from the last session, the students will now analyze two photos either individually or with a partner.

The student must use the photo analysis worksheet to analyze the pictures. The students will write their answers on the sheet. Using that sheet as a guide, the students will write a narrative, about 3-5 sentences, on the changes they think happened between the two photos. When the students have finished writing their narrative, they will review it, edit and revise. The teacher will also review their narrative. When the students have written their "final" narrative, they will do an oral presentation to the class. The students will begin the assignment on this day. An additional period may be needed for revision and preparing for the oral presentation. Teacher will check for understanding of the assignment and answer any questions the students may have.

Students will then select their partner, or, if the teacher prefers, will select partners for the students. Some

students may decide to work alone. Students may select the two pictures they wish to analyze. If they cannot choose, the teacher will choose pictures for them. They will begin the assignment. Teachers should have enough pictures for about 30 students. Pictures can come from the Library of Congress website, Google website, or the print resources.

Day Three:

Teacher will monitor the students' progress and assist where needed. Teacher will determine whether or not students need additional time and how much time. The preferred time is about 20-25 minutes. Oral presentations could begin on this day.

Day Four:

Finish oral presentations. If oral presentations are completed on this day, teacher could arrange for speakers to come and talk about the history of the community, or the architecture or points of interest in the community.

Evaluation

Rubrics will be used for the photo analysis. The written narrative must include the following: a minimum of 2-3 specific changes between the images. The oral presentation will be evaluated according to the oral presentation rubric.

Extension

Students could create a poster of "old" Detroit pictures and display them in the hallway for other students to see.

Students could, with the help of 3rd, 4th or 5th grade students create a power point presentation using their images.

Students could interview older adults who lived in the community to learn more about the neighborhood.

Students could also research the history of famous buildings and popular sites in their community through the local library or historical society. Use disposable cameras to make a visual record of those sites in the community as they appear today. Compare historical descriptions and older pictures of sites with their own photographs. What changes have occurred? Why?

Students could trace the age of buildings in their community. What is the oldest structure? What is the newest structure? Research styles of architecture, commonly used building materials, and the role of

buildings through time. How does the community's buildings reflect the evolution of architectural styles and community institutions?

Primary Resources from the Library of Congress

Image	Description	Citation		
	1	Call Number		
	Study, Belle Isle [Park], Detroit, Michigan. Created/Published [between 1910 and 1920]	LC-D4-73323 REPRODUCTION NUMBER LC-D4-73323 DLC (b&w glass neg.) Part of		
	Notes "G 66" on negative. Detroit Publishing Co. no. 073323. Gift; State Historical	Detroit Publishing Company Photograph Collection Repository		
	Society of Colorado; 1949.	Library of Congress Prints and Photographs Division Washington, D.C. 20540 USA Digital ID		
		(digital file from intermediary roll film) det 4a24824 http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.pnp/det.4a24824		
	[Children's Day, Belle Isle Park, Detroit, Mich.]. Created/Published [between 1900 and	Call Number LC-D4-39012 REPRODUCTION NUMBER LC-D4-39012 DLC (b&w glass neg.) Part of		
	Notes Title from jacket. "G 5989" on negative. Detroit Publishing Co. no. 039012.	Detroit Publishing Company Photograph Collection Repository		
	Gift; State Historical Society of Colorado; 1949.	Library of Congress Prints and Photographs Division Washington, D.C. 20540 USA Digital ID		
		(digital file from intermediary roll film) det 4a19339 http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.pnp/det.4a19339		



Item Title
[Detroit, Michigan].
Created/Published
[between 1880 and
1899]
Notes
Title devised by

cataloger.
Negative cracked
through middle and
taped.

Date based on Detroit, Catalogue F (1899). Detroit Publishing Co. no. 03773.

Gift; State Historical Society of Colorado; 1949.

Detroit Publishing Co., publisher.
Medium

1 negative : glass ; 8 x 10 in.

USA

Call Number

LC-D4-3773 REPRODUCTION NUMBER

LC-D4-3773 DLC (b&w glass neg.) Part of

Detroit Publishing Company Photograph Collection Repository

Library of Congress Prints and Photographs Division Washington, D.C. 20540 USA Digital ID

(digital file from intermediary roll film) det 4a03666

http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.pnp/det.4a03666



Item Title Grand Circus Park. Created/Published c1914. Notes Copyright deposit; F. L. Wychoff; November 11, 1914; DLC/PP-1914:44851. Printed on image below title: "Copyrighted Nov. 10, 1914 by F. L. Wychoff, 48 Adams Ave West " Medium 1 photographic print: gelatin silver; 15.5 x 115 in.

Call Number

PAN US GEOG - Michigan no. 28 REPRODUCTION NUMBER

LC-USZ62-109355 DLC (b&w film copy neg. of left section)

LC-USZ62-109356 DLC (b&w film copy neg. of center section)

LC-USZ62-109357 DLC (b&w film copy neg. of right section)

Special Terms of Use

No known restrictions on publication.

Part of

Panoramic photographs (Library of Congress)

Repository

Library of Congress Prints and Photographs Division Washington, D.C. 20540 USA Digital ID

(digital file from intermediary roll film copy) pan 6a14925

http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.pnp/pan.6a14925



Item Title
Olympia Arena, 5920
Grand River Avenue,
Detroit, Wayne
County, MI
Alternate Title
Olympia Stadium
Medium
Photo(s): 16 (4 x 5

Photo(s): 16 (4 x 5 in.)

Data Page(s): 12 plus

cover page

Photo Caption(s): 2

Call Number

HABS MICH,82-DETRO,25-

Created/Published

Documentation compiled after 1933.

Notes

Survey number HABS MI-252

Building/structure dates: 1927 initial

construction

Building/structure dates: 1965 subsequent

work

Building/structure dates: 1967 subsequent

work

Building/structure dates: 1970 subsequent

work

Significance: From its opening in October, 1927, until its closing in December, 1979, Olympia Arena was Detroit's principal indoor arena for sporting events, including professional hockey and basketball games, track meets, boxing matches, and bicycle races. The building hosted other forms of mass entertainment, including ice shows, the circus, rodeos, and rock concerts. Over its long history, Olympia was the center for political and social conventions, trade shows, expositions, and various other attractions and events. It is best remembered as the home of the Detroit Red Wings. Designed by C. Howard Crane, an internationally known theater architect, Olympia Arena is a Detroit

landmark because of its handsome
Romanesque exterior and its imposing size. It
is an engineering monument as well, because it
contained the largest indoor skating rink in the
United States when it opened in 1927.

Reproduction Number [See Call Number] Collection

Historic American Buildings Survey (Library of Congress)

Repository

Library of Congress, Prints and Photograph Division, Washington, D.C. 20540 USA DIGID

http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.pnp/hhh.mi0185

CONTENTS

Photograph caption(s):

3. SOUTHWEST FACADE, LOOKING

NORTHEAST

CARD#

MI0185



Item Title
Old City Hall,
Woodward Avenue &
Cadillac Square,
Detroit, Wayne
County, MI
Medium
Photo(s): 4 (4 x 5 in.
and 5 x 7 in.)

Data Page(s): 1 plus cover page Photo Caption(s): 1 Call Number

HABS MICH,82-

DETRO,6-Created/Published Documentation compiled after 1933. Notes Survey number HABS MI-221 Significance: Date of construction: 1871. Architect: James Anderson. Sandstone. Three and a half stories, rectangular. Central pavilion with Mansard roof; four stage cupola (arcade, clock, belfry, octagonal lookout); Projecting corner pavilions. 1961 -- Demolished.

Reproduction Number [See Call Number] Collection

Historic American Buildings Survey (Library of Congress)

Repository

Library of Congress, Prints and Photograph Division, Washington, D.C. 20540 USA DIGID

http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.pnp/hhh.mi0134

CONTENTS

Photograph caption(s):

1. HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY. S. Lucas, Photographer, 1934 CITY HALL, DETROIT MICHIGAN

CARD # MI0134



Item Title 976-78 East Woodbridge Street (Double House), Detroit, Wayne County, MI Medium Photo(s): 1 (5 x 7 in.) Call Number HABS MICH,82-DETRO,13-Created/Published Documentation compiled after 1933. Notes Survey number HABS MI-263

Reproduction Number [See Call Number] Collection

Historic American Buildings Survey (Library

of Congress) Repository

Library of Congress, Prints and Photograph Division, Washington, D.C. 20540 USA DIGID

http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.pnp/hhh.mi0064

CONTENTS

Photograph caption(s):

1. HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY. S. Lucas, Photographer, 1934 HOUSE AT 978 EAST WOODBRIDGE ST,

DETROIT MICHIGAN CARD #

MI0064



Item Title [View looking north along Trumbull Avenue in Detroit, Michigan]. Created/Published [between 1900 and 1910] Notes According to the **Detroit Historic** Designation Advisory Board, the cross street visible in the foreground is Brainard Avenue, and the railing are those of the James Title devised by cataloger. Detroit Publishing Co. no. 040064. Gift; State Historical Society of Colorado; 1949.

Medium

1 negative : glass ; 6.5 x 8.5 in.

Call Number LC-D4-40064

REPRODUCTION NUMBER

LC-D4-40064 DLC (b&w glass neg.)

Part of

Detroit Publishing Company Photograph

Collection Repository

Library of Congress Prints and Photographs Division Washington, D.C. 20540 USA

Digital ID

(digital file from intermediary roll film) det

4a20022

http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.pnp/det.4a20022



Item Title [Church tower, commercial buildings and waterfront, probably Detroit]. Created/Published c1905. Notes Title devised by cataloger. According to the **Detroit Historic** Designation Advisory Board, this is a view of downtown Detroit looking southwest. The tower in the foreground is that of the City Jacket title: Detroit? "The Pingree Shoe Factory" and "Murphy Power Building" on center background buildings. Detroit Publishing Co. no. 048275. Gift; State Historical Society of Colorado;

1949.

Medium

1 negative: glass; 11 x 14 in.

Call Number LC-D428-48275

REPRODUCTION NUMBER

LC-D428-48275 DLC (b&w glass neg.)

Part of

Detroit Publishing Company Photograph

Collection Repository

Library of Congress Prints and Photographs Division Washington, D.C. 20540 USA

Digital ID

(digital file from intermediary roll film) det

4a28510

http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.pnp/det.4a28510



Item Title [Pedestrians and automobile traffic. Monroe Avenue and Cadillac Square, Detroit, Mich.]. Created/Published [between 1915 and 1925] Notes Title devised by cataloger. "Michigan" on trolley; "Columbia theatre" on building in center left; "D.M. Ferry & Co." on building at far left background. Detroit Publishing Co. nos. 38132, K 2801. Gift; State Historical Society of Colorado; 1949.

Medium

1 negative : glass ; 5 x 7 in.

Call Number LC-D420-2801

REPRODUCTION NUMBER

LC-D420-2801 DLC (b&w glass neg.)

Part of

Detroit Publishing Company Photograph

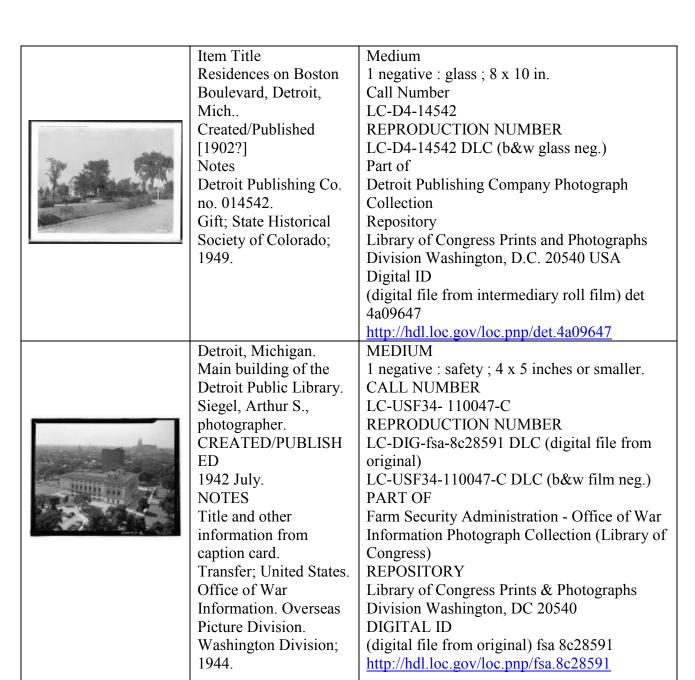
Collection Repository

Library of Congress Prints and Photographs Division Washington, D.C. 20540 USA

Digital ID

(digital file from intermediary roll film) det 4a27922

http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.pnp/det.4a27922



Rubric Oral Presentation.

Teacher Name: Ms.

Lemmons

Student Name:

CATEGORY	4	3	2	1
Preparedness	Student is completely prepared and has obviously rehearsed.	1	The student is somewhat prepared, but it is clear that rehearsal was lacking.	Student does not seem at all prepared to present.
Speaks Clearly	Speaks clearly and distinctly all (100-95%) the time, and mispronounces no words.	(100-95%) the time, but	Speaks clearly and distinctly most (94-85%) of the time. Mispronounces no more than one word.	Often mumbles or can not be understood OR mispronounces more than one word.
Stays on Topic	Stays on topic all (100%) of the time.	Stays on topic most (99-90%) of the time.	Stays on topic some (89%-75%) of the time.	It was hard to tell what the topic was.
Comprehension		accurately answer most questions posed by	accurately answer a few questions posed by	Student is unable to accurately answer questions posed by classmates about the topic.
Listens to Other Presentations	Listens intently. Does not make distracting noises or movements.	Listens intently but has one distracting noise or movement.	Sometimes does not appear to be listening but is not distracting.	Sometimes does not appear to be listening and has distracting noises or movements.

QuickTime™ and a TIFF (LZW) decompressor are needed to see this picture.

Additional Images from Print Sources

- The Fox Theater, 1928. photograph. Poremba, David Lee, ed. <u>Detroit in Its World Setting</u>
 <u>A Three Hundred Year Chronology, 1701-2001.</u> Wayne State University Press: Detroit.
 2001. pg. 198. Courtesy of Burton Historical Collection, Detroit Public Library.
- Hudson's Thanksgiving Day Parade, 1930s. photograph. Poremba, David Lee, ed.
 Detroit in Its World Setting: A Three Hundred Year Chronology, 1701-2001.
 Wayne State University Press: Detroit. 2001. pg. 199.
 Courtesy of Burton Historical Collection. Detroit Public Library.
- Grand Boulevard and Second Street, c 1951. photograph. Poremba, David Lee, ed.

 <u>Detroit in Its World Setting: A Three Hundred Year Chronology, 1701-2001.</u>

 Wayne State University Press: Detroit, 2001. pg. 203.

 Courtesy of Burton Historical Collection, Detroit Public Library.
- The Corner, 1953. photograph of Tiger Stadium. Poremba, David Lee, ed.

 <u>Detroit in Its World Setting: A Three Hundred Year Chronology, 1701-2001</u>.

 Wayne State University Press: Detroit. 2001. pg. 205.

 Courtesy of Burton Historical Collection, Detroit Public Library.
- The Riverfront, 1959. photograph. Poremba, David Lee, ed.

 <u>Detroit in Its World Setting: A Three Hundred Year Chronology, 1701-2001.</u>

 Wayne State University Press: Detroit. 2001. pg. 207

 Courtesy of Burton Historical Collection, Detroit Public Library.
- Jefferson Avenue, 1973. photograph. Poremba, David Lee, ed.

 <u>Detroit in Its World Setting: A Three Hundred Year Chronology, 1701-2001.</u>

 Wayne State University Press: Detroit. 2001 pg. 211.

 Courtesy of Burton Historical Collection, Detroit Public Library.
- Hastings Street, 1970s. photograph. Woodford, Arthur M. <u>This is Detroit 1701-2001</u>. Wayne State University Press: Detroit. 2001. pg. 171. Courtesy of Detroit Historical Museum.
- Headquarters of the Detroit Urban League on Mack Avenue and John R. Street. photograph. Woodford, Arthur M. <u>This is Detroit 1701-2001</u>. Wayne State University Press: Detroit. 2001. pg. 176. From W. Hawkins Ferry, Buildings of Detroit.
- Monroe Street, Greektown., photograph. Woodford, Arthur M. <u>This is Detroit 1701-2001</u>. Wayne State University Press: Detroit 2001. pg. 190. Courtesy Walter P. Reuther Library, Wayne State University, Detroit.
- Hitsville U.S.A. on West Grand Boulevard. Photograph. Woodford, Arthur M. This is Detroit 1701-2001. Wayne State University Press: Detroit 2001. pg. 198. Courtesy Motown Records Archives.
- Wayne State University's "Old Main" at Cass and Warren. photograph. Woodford, Arthur M. https://doi.org/10.2001/nc.2001. Wayne State University Press: Detroit 2001. pg. 214. Courtesy Wayne State University.

Eastern Market. Photograph. Woodford, Arthur M. This is Detroit 1701-2001.

Wayne State University Press: Detroit 2001. pg. 219. Photo by G. Edwynn Hank. Courtesy Detroit Historical Museum.

Other sources for Detroit images and/or history can come from the following:

Google maps or Google images.

Burton Historical Collection, Detroit Public Library.

Detroit Historical Museum

Preservation Wayne

Walter P. Reuther Library, Wayne State University

Adults who have lived in the community for many years.

Other local historical societies

Architectural firms

Other sources for images and/or history of your community can come from the following:

Adults who have lived in the community for many years.

Local historical museum

Local public library

Local historical society

Preservation group

Architectural firms